

**pennacool.com Std. 2 Mathematics and Language Arts Answer Keys**

**MATHEMATICS**

**CHAPTER 1: NUMBER AND NUMERATION**

- 1) 

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
4	9	7
- 2) 824                      3) Two hundred and nine                      4) 425, 525
- 5a) S   5b) 6<sup>th</sup> or last   5c) O   d) bitten apple
- 6) Twenty-one dollars and twenty-five cents                      7) 7                      8) 7                      9) 570
- 10) 12, 15                      11) \$25.00                      12)  $(9 \times 100) + (1 \times 1)$                       13) a) =   b) >
- 14)  $(2 \times 100) + (8 \times 10)$                       15) 35, 45                      16) Three hundred and twenty-five
- 17) Max                      18) \$46.00                      19) 20                      20) Max, Anna, Tim, Mary, Tom
- 21) 345, 354, 534, 543                      22) \$231.00                      23a) Jane   23b) Jane had 450; Max had 405
- 24) 22                      25a) Anna   25b) Mary got \$2.25 but Anna got \$2.50

**CHAPTER 2: THE FOUR OPERATIONS 1**

- 1) 986                      2) 153                      3) \$135                      4) \$6.31                      5) 168
- 6) 36                      7) 5 marbles                      8) 2 groups of 9                      9) 769                      10) 453
- 11) 123                      12) 486                      13) 791                      14) 310                      15) 48 cm
- 16) 530 bottles                      17) 461 marbles                      18a) \$5.00                      18b) \$5.00                      19a) 11 stickers
- 19b) 4 stickers   19c) 15 stickers                      20) i)  $S \times 4$                       21a) \$51.50                      21b) \$8.50
- 22a) 50 gummies                      22b) \$24.00                      23a) 209 km                      23b) Tuesday
- 24a) 2 chocolates = \$2.50; 5 lollipops = \$5.00; 1 bag of chips = \$2.10; Total = \$9.60
- 24b) \$0.40 or 40 cents                      25a) 265 heads of lettuce                      25b) 615 heads of lettuce

**CHAPTER 3: THE FOUR OPERATIONS 2**

- 1) 673                      2) 464                      3) 26                      4) 11                      5) \$101.88                      6) 187 marbles
- 7) 97                      8) \$3.75                      9) 410                      10) 859                      11) 22                      12) 336



20a) Jane    20b) Anna    21a) Arianna =  $\frac{3}{4}$ ; Michelle =  $\frac{4}{8}$     21b) Michelle    21c) 2

22)

Saved	Allowances
Bills	

23) 1<sup>st</sup> = Jane; 2<sup>nd</sup> = Anna; 3<sup>rd</sup> = Max    24) John    25a)  $\frac{3}{10}$     25b)  $\frac{5}{10}$   
 25c) strawberry, cherry, apple

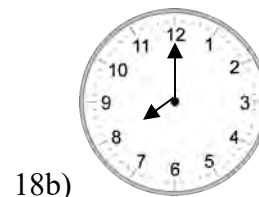
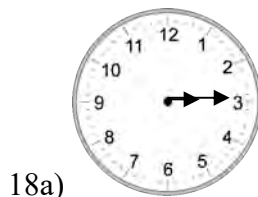
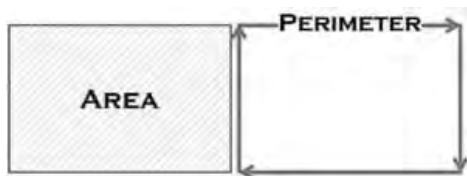
**CHAPTER 5: MEASUREMENT**

1) diagram b)    2a) 1000 ml    2b) 50 cm    2c) 250 g  
 3a) B    3b) B, because it begins at zero.    3c) 3 cm  
 4a) B    4b) A = 4 weights/marbles; B = 6 weights/marbles  
 5) 25 cm    6) 25 cm<sup>2</sup>    7a) 1 m    7b) 1 m    8a) 1 kg 250 g    8b) 4 m 30 cm  
 9a) half past 2 or 2:30 or 30 minutes past 2    9b) quarter to 6 or 15 minutes to 6  
 10a) 60 seconds    10b) 60 minutes    10c) 24 hours    10d) 7 days    10e) 4 weeks  
 10f) 12 months    11) b

12) Aryan was correct because the Uriah Butler Highway is a very long distance so the bigger unit, km, would be better because the distance will be covered more quickly.

13) 1 kg 500 g    14) 10 days    15) 12 noon    16) 32 m

17) John is correct because perimeter measures the distance around a shape while area measures the amount of space that is occupied by the shape.

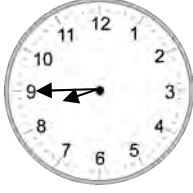


19a) Route B is better because it is much shorter than Route A and has less twists and turns.

19b) Total = 385 m  $\approx$  400 m    20) Total weight = 7 995 g = 7 kg 995 g

21) Length left = 236 cm = 2 m 36 cm    22) Both jobs = 17 days = 2 weeks 3 days

23a) 600 g    23b) 1 500 g    24a) quarter to nine or 15 minutes to 9 at night.



24b)

24c) 4:45 am or quarter to 5 or 15 minutes to five in the morning

25a) 40 buckets

25b) 320 L

### CHAPTER 6: GEOMETRY

1a) triangular prism    1b) triangle    1c) sphere    2) solid, length, width, height

3)      4a) ,     4b)     5a) i) square-based pyramid

5a) ii) triangular-based pyramid    5b) The square-based pyramid has a square at the bottom while a triangular-based pyramid has a triangle at the bottom. OR The square-based pyramid is made up of 4 triangles and a square while the triangular-based pyramid is made up of 4 triangles.


6) pentagon    7) cuboid; 6 faces; 12 edges; 8 vertices

8a) circle, triangle, rectangle, square (any 2)    8b) triangular prism, cuboid



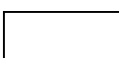
9a) cube    9b) There are 6 squares in the diagram and a cube is made up of 6 squares.

10) sphere, cylinder    11) cone    12) 72 cm    13)  

14) 5 cm    15) cylinder; 3 faces; 2 edges; 0 vertices



2 cm     16a) The door slammed shut because the ball rolled away.

16b) Mummy could use a solid with a flat face at the bottom to stay still.


17) 12 km    18a)  $L = 10 \text{ m}$     18b)  $50 \text{ m}^2$     19a)       19b) marker

20) No, she couldn't create a triangular prism because a triangular prism is made up of 2 triangles and 3 rectangles but Mary only had 1 rectangle.

21) 72 km    22) Max was correct. The egg could not be a circle because it wasn't perfectly round like a circle.

23)  

24) A triangular prism is made up of 3 rectangles and 2 triangles while a triangular-based pyramid is made up of 4 triangles only.

25a) pentagon    25b) 125 cm    25c) 

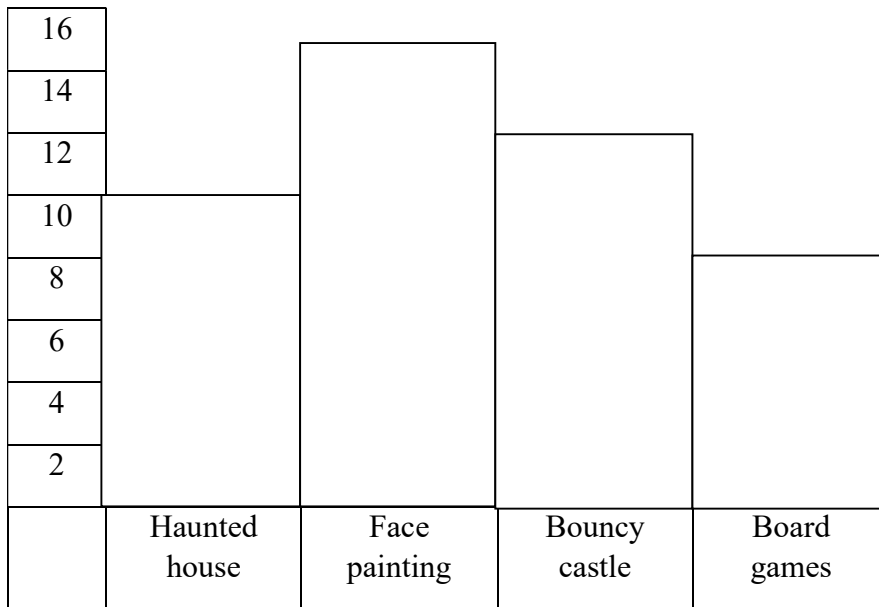
**CHAPTER 7: STATISTICS**

1a)

Activity	Tally	Number of children
Haunted house		10
Face painting		15
Bouncy castle		12
Board games		8

1b) 8    1c) face painting    1d) board games    1e) It's too boring.

1f)



2a) tablets    2b) dolls    2c) 3    2d) 15    2e) cars    2f) tablets    2g) 9    2h) 51

3a) Science    3b) Math is least-liked because it is probably too difficult or boring.

3c) 6    3d) 24    3e) 2

**CHAPTER 8: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 1**

1) 640    2) 80    3a) \$13.00    3b) 470    4) 653, 753    5) 8    6a) <    6b) =

7)  $(3 \times 100) + (2 \times 10) + (4 \times 1)$     8a)  $\frac{3}{8}$     8b)  $\frac{9}{10}$     9a)  $\frac{1}{2}$     9b)  $\frac{3}{9}$

10) \$57.18    11a) Place Value    11b) More than/ Less than    11c) 5<sup>th</sup> or fifth

12)  $\frac{1}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{6}{7}$     13a) 100 cm    13b) 60 minutes    13c) 500 g

14a) 30 L    14b) 15 L    15) 120 km    16) square-based pyramid

17) Terry was correct. Although they have the same number of faces, edges and vertices, a cube has 6 square faces while a cuboid has 4 rectangular faces and 2 square faces or 6 rectangular faces.

18a) octagon    18b) 5 cm    19)

20a) 5    20b) 15    20c) 55

21a) 188 seedlings

21b) 148 seedlings

21c) 444 seedlings

Flavours	Tally	Frequency
Chocolate		15
Soursop		4
Mango		6

22) 2 sandwiches = \$24.00; 4 cake slices = \$32.00; 1 juice = \$10.00; Total = \$66.00

22b) \$34.00

23a) 50 markers    23b) 200 markers

24) The students were wrong. Although rocks may be heavier than feathers, 1 kg of each was measured. Whether rocks or feathers did not make a difference because they both weighed 1 kg.

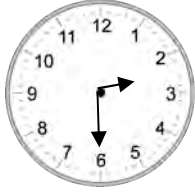
25a) 12 cookies    25b) 48 more cookies

**CHAPTER 9: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 2**

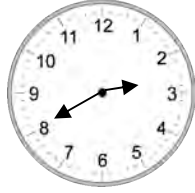
1) 8    2) Twelve dollars and five cents    3) 350 stickers    4a) <    4b) =

5) 390    6) \$15.00    7a) 51    7b) 50    8a)  $\frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$     8b)  $\frac{2}{3}$

9a) =    9b)  $\neq$     10) 138, 183, 318, 381    11)  $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}$     12) 293



13a)



13b)

14a) 1 m 38 cm

14b) 120 cm or 1 m 20 cm

15) 6 g

16a) 125 m

16b) 1000 m = 1 km

17a) cube

17b) 6

17c) 8

17d) An edge is the line where two faces meet.

18a) A = No. of people

B = Foods

18b) 6

18c) KFC

18d) burgers = 11 (on block graph which is halfway between 10 and 12)

19)

People	Tally	Frequency
Men		9
Women		12
Children		14

N	14			
U	12			
M	10			
B	8			
E	6			
R	4			
S	2			
		Men	Women	Children
		People		

20)

21a) 375 visitors

21b) 750 visitors

21c) I think that there were the most visitors on

Saturday because it is a day when there is no school and many parents do not work on that day so they are more likely to visit the zoo.

22a) 165 candies

22b) 33 candies

23a) 40 m

23b) \$240.00

24a) 70 pages

24b) 109 pages

25a) \$30.00

25b) \$265.00

**CHAPTER 10: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 3**

1) ones      2) 790      3a) 545, 540, 535, 530      3b) 862, 826, 682, 628

4a) Thirty-one dollars and twenty cents      4b) four-fifths

5a) >    5b) =      6a)  $\frac{5}{8}$     6b)  $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$       7) 4

8a) 306, 301      8b) taking away 5 from each number      9a) j    9b) H

10a) =      10b)  $\neq$       11a) 10 ten-cent coins      11b)  $58 = \$5.80 \approx \$6.00$

12a) One hundred and seventy dollars and ten cents      12b) \$170.00      13) 48 eggs

14a) 100 g    14b) 120 g      15a) quarter to 4 or 15 minutes to 4      15b) 3:45

16a) 26 km    16b) 260 km

17) The box was a triangular-based pyramid because it was made up of 4 triangles and when closed, the shape has a vertex at the top and a triangle at the base.

18a) triangular prism    18b) roof    19)

Food	Tally	Frequency
Dhalpuri roti		22
Doubles		8
Chicken pelau		8

20a) 8 trees      20b) pommerac

20c) 4 more orange trees

20d) 4 soursop trees

21a) 42 eggs    21b) 24 eggs

22a) 8 hours    22b) 40 hours      23a) 40 students    23b) 1 donut

24a) 3 aloo-pies = \$18.00; 1 sugar-cake = \$12.00; 2 juices = \$16.50; Total = \$46.50

24b) \$3.50      25a) 2 m 18 cm    25b) 2 m or 200 cm

**CHAPTER 11: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 4**

1) 418      2) 400      3)  $(7 \times 100) + (4 \times 1)$       4) 369, 639, 693, 936      5) 383, 393

6) 380      7) Ninety-nine dollars and twenty-five cents      8a) =    8b) <

9a)  $\frac{1}{3}$     9b)  $\frac{4}{7}$       10) 93      11a)  $\frac{3}{8}$     11b)  $\frac{1}{6}$       12) \$22.00

13) 20      14)  $(8 \times 100) + (3 \times 1)$

15) Bottle A will hold more water because it can hold 2 L which is equal to 2 000 ml while Bottle B can hold only 1 500 ml.

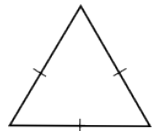


16) 24 buckets

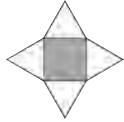
17)

18a) triangle

18b)



18c) square-based pyramid



Solid	No. faces	No. edges	No. vertices
a) cylinder	3	2	0
b) cuboid	6	12	8
c) cone	2	1	1
d) sphere	1	0	0

19)

Flowers	Tally	Frequency
Roses		27
Hibiscus		22
Orchids		11
Lily		4

20a) 12    20b) chow    20c) 9 students    20d) bar should go up to 9

21a) 250 portugals    21b) \$375.00    22a) 425 books    22b) 175 books

23a) 7:30 pm    23b) 3 hours    24a) 335 seedlings    24b) 280 plants

25a) 300 m of wire    25b) \$900.00

### CHAPTER 12: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 5

1) 392    2)  $(9 \times 100) + (3 \times 10) + (2 \times 1)$     3)  $\frac{1}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{8}{9}$     4) \$18.00

5a) =    5b) >    6a) 863, 873    6b) adding ten to each number

7a) two-thirds    7b) three-fifths    8a) Joe was right. The value of a digit refers to the numerical value of the digit but the place value of a digit refers to its position in the number.

8b) 890



9)    9b) unshaded =  $\frac{1}{4}$     10a)  $\neq$     10b) =    11) 559    12) 325

13) 208    14) 121 plums    15a) 3 m 25 cm    15b) 300 cm or 3 m

16a) 6 o'clock or 6:00      16b) minute hand should be pointing to 2 and the correct time would be 10 minutes past 6 or 6:10

17a) circles, rectangles, triangles, star (any two)      17b) cone

18a) 3 faces, 1 edge, 0 vertices      18b) cucumber, salami

19)

Fruits	Tally	Frequency
Guava		4
Mango		8
Banana		6
Watermelon		12
Plums		10

20a) No students were born in March because the month was not coloured on the graph.

20b) February and August      20c) 18 students

21a) 381 people      21b) 204 gifts      22a) \$155.25      22b) 143.25      22c) \$16.75

23a) 60 eggs      23b) 2 dozens      24a) 450 pages      24b) 414 pages

25a) 50 markers      25b) 20 markers      25c) 12 red markers and 18 blue markers

## LANGUAGE ARTS

### **CHAPTER 1: NOUNS**

- |                  |   |                               |                |            |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------|------------|
| 1) bell, ears    | 2) Daddy, Trincity Mall, books                                    | 3) helicopter, Arima Hospital |                |            |
| 4) friends, mall | 5) Mala, Jason, concert, National Academy for the Performing Arts |                               |                |            |
| 6) David         | 7) Massy Stores, Marabella  | 8) Pluto, Disney              | 9) army        |            |
| 10) pride        | 11) string  | 12) hive/swarm                | 13) bunch/hand |            |
| 14) Sir          | 15) man   | 16) daughter                  | 17) father     | 18) boys   |
| 19) mangoes      | 20) watches   | 21) knives                    | 22) sheep      | 23) neuter |
| 24) common       | 25) common  | 26) neuter                    | 27) Sita's     | 28) boys'  |
| 29) ladies'      | 30) girl's  |                               |                |            |

### **CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS and USE OF A/AN**

- |               |          |            |           |          |          |
|---------------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 1) She, their | 2) We    | 3) He, his | 4) it     | 5) They  | 6) me    |
| 7) him        | 8) them  | 9) us      | 10) her   | 11) mine | 12) ours |
| 13) theirs    | 14) hers | 15) its    | 16) yours | 17) his  | 18) its  |
| 19) a         | 20) An   | 21) an     | 22) a     | 23) a    | 24) a    |
| 25) An        |          |            |           |          |          |

### **CHAPTER 3: VERBS and PUNCTUATION**

- |  |                                      |  |                  |            |           |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|------------|-----------|
| 1) whistled, flew  | 2) jumped                            | 3) drive   | 4) barks, passes |            |           |
| 5) went  | 6) biting                            | 7) run   | 8) went          | 9) perform | 10) swims |
| 11) washing  | 12) decide                           | 13) stung  | 14) wrote        | 15) crying |           |
| 16) am   | 17) have                             | 18) enjoys   | 19) were         | 20) eats   | 21) play  |
| 22) do   | 23) When do you think you are going? |  |                  |            |           |
| 24) Mary bought apples, grapes and oranges at the fruit stall.                         |                                      |  | 25) Wow!         |            |           |
| 26) Sit down now.  |                                      | 27) My dog, Roxy, likes to go for walks in the park. |                  |            |           |
| 28) The colours of the National Flag of Trinidad and Tobago are: red, white and black. |                                      |  |                  |            |           |
| 29) Do you think we will make it to the store before it closes?                        |                                      |  |                  |            |           |
| 30) Today is, Wednesday 28 <sup>th</sup> April, 2021.                                  |                                      |  |                  |            |           |

#### CHAPTER 4: TYPES OF SENTENCES

- 1) interrogative    2) declarative    3) imperative    4) exclamatory    5) interrogative
- 6) The children were not doing their home-work.                      7) They are not friendly people.
- 8) Today is not going to be a rainy day.                      9) Ali did not eat all of his lunch yesterday.
- 10) Mummy will not tolerate nonsense from us.                      11) We cannot keep the puppy.
- 12) Sara does not like to eat bodi and rice.
- 13) The boys were eating their lunch in the savannah by the tree.
- 14) There was a herd of cattle grazing in the field.
- 15) Daddy drove his car to the mechanic's shop.
- 16) The customers at the supermarket were asked to wash their hands.
- 17) The dentist asked the child to open his mouth.
- 18) Mummy gave us cookies as a reward yesterday.
- 19) David jumped the fence like a kangaroo.
- 20) The man was frantic because he had lost his passport at the airport.
- 21) didn't    22) isn't    23) wasn't    24) should not    25) does not

#### CHAPTER 5: ADJECTIVES and PUNCTUATION

- 1) tall, high    2) tiny, chubby    3) beautiful, frilly    4) cute, shiny, new
- 5) busy, large, Christmas    6) huge    7) expensive    8) tall, shorter
- 9) seasoned, hot    10) tired, fussy, restless    11) large, larger, largest
- 12) poor, poorer, poorest    13) beautiful, more beautiful, most beautiful
- 14) taller    15) worst    16) most popular    17) tiniest    18) gentler
- 19) faster    20) ripest
- 21) The students are excited for their field trip.
- 22) To make a sandwich, you need bread and whatever filling you like.
- 23) Is there a shorter route to get to the zoo?
- 24) Congratulations!
- 25) That doll is Shania's.

## CHAPTER 6: ADVERBS

- 1) quickly      2) lazily      3) patiently      4) happily      5) softly      6) clearly  
7) neatly      8) skilfully      9) loudly      10) gracefully  
11) beautifully, more beautifully, most beautifully  
12) happily, more happily, most happily  
13) carefully, more carefully, most carefully  
14) well, better, best  
15) hungrily, more hungrily, most hungrily      16) angrily  
17) more carefully      18) most generously      19) most diligently  
20) more stealthily      21) always      22) annually      23) sometimes  
24) away      25) almost

## CHAPTER 7: PREPOSITIONS and CONJUNCTIONS

- 1) up      2) under      3) over, to      4) beneath      5) across, during      6) between  
7) through      8) around      9) to      10) against      11) under      12) inside  
13) across      14) but      15) or      16) yet      17) so      18) nor      19) and  
20) We like to go to the beach but do not like the long drive.  
21) The customers gathered outside the supermarket because it was still closed.  
22) Mary wanted to buy a new pair of shoes so she went to the mall.  
23) I went to bed very early yet I could not get up in time for school.  
24) Mummy asked us to help with the dishes but we did not listen to her so she got very upset.  
25) They went to the book store where they got great deals on their favourite books

## CHAPTER 8: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 1

- 1) Tom, Max, test      2) Daddy, chips, salsa      3) Mala, apples, oranges, tomatoes, Massy Stores  
4) set      5) school      6) army      7) They      8) I      9) me      10) washing  
11) ran      12) looked      13) stopping      14) burst      15) naughty, tall  
16) enormous, lush, green, heavy      17) thick, happy  
18) The two main groups of animals are: vertebrates and invertebrates.  
19) According to the writer, animals are placed into specific groups based on similarities.  
20a) According to the passage, an exoskeleton is a hard, outer shell.

- 20b) I think that some invertebrates have a hard exoskeleton to protect their soft bodies.
- 21a) spines                      21b) suckle
- 22) The two National Birds that are protected by law in Trinidad and Tobago are: the Scarlet Ibis and the Cocrico.
- 23) The poet is Wendy Lutchmansingh.
- 24) The main idea of the poem is the use of words.
- 25) Two pairs of homophones are: though and dough; ear and air; bear and bare.
- 26) I think that the poet feels that words were made to torture her because she probably has difficulty in understanding different words and the way they are used.
- 27a) The mood of the poem was humorous.
- 27b) Two lines to support my answer are: “Well gee,” I said cheekily and “I always thought they were made to torture me.”
- 28i) Channel 21 has more news and documentaries while Channel 6 has lots of children’s shows.
- ii) Channel 21 is on at morning time while Channel 6 is on during the evening.
- 29a) I think that Channel 6 is more appropriate for children.
- 29b) I think so because there are lots of children’s shows on Channel 6.
- 30) The term “Sign Off” means that the channel has shut down for a period of time.

### **CHAPTER 9: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 2**

- 1) were            2) writes            3) do            4) happily            5) angrily            6) often            7) inside
- 8) where            9) because            10) when            11) or, since            12) bees            13) potatoes
- 14) spectacles            15) reindeer            16) I do not like to eat doubles every day.
- 17) The dogs are not chasing the cat all around the yard.
- 18) According to the passage, a map is a diagram used to represent an actual place on paper.
- 19) Three physical landforms mentioned in the passage are: mountains, rivers and beaches.
- 20a) No, I could not use a map of Trinidad and Tobago to tell me where to go in Germany because that map will show me places in Trinidad not Germany.
- 20b) I would know if the map I have is one of Germany by looking at the title or name of the map.
- 21a) diagram            21b) landmark
- 22) A suitable title for the passage is: All About Maps.
- 23) I think that the poem is about hunting other animals.

24) I think that the animal being talked about in the poem is a shark.

25a) The term “they” refers to human beings.

25b) In the poem, the poet talks about selling the animal at the side of the road, making oils and leather. These are things done by humans.

26) The term “if their feet were in your shoe” means if places were switched and the humans were in the sharks’ place and the sharks were in the humans’ place.

27) A word that means the same as pest is menace.

28a) The most-liked subject is PE.

28b) I think that it is the most-liked because students get an opportunity to go outdoors and play games.

29a) The least-liked subject is Grammar.

29b) I think it is the least-liked because students probably find it boring or too much work.

30) There are 39 students in total in Standard Two.

### **CHAPTER 10: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 3**

1) proper    2) collective    3) common    4) subject    5) predicate    6) subject

7) She    8) them    9) You    10) sped    11) going    12) burst    13) drank

14) prettiest    15) best    16) couldn't    17) haven't

18) According to the passage, a rural area is the countryside.

19a) People who live off the land are those who grow their own foods and rear their own animals for meat.

19b) We can call “people who live off the land” farmers.

20a) Pipe-borne water is water that flows through the taps.

20b) I think that the people who live in rural areas get water by collecting rain-water or calling water trucks.

21) I think that they get light at night by using candles and lamps.

22) The author’s purpose is to inform readers about rural areas.

23) The poem is about making your parents proud.

24) A simile from the poem is: proud as peacocks.

25) A line from the poem that tells us that the poet’s parents encouraged her a lot is: “To always be the best that I can be” or “I will be a force that no one can stop” or “In life, I would go far”.

26a) Two pairs of rhyming words are: me/be; down/frown; up/stop; far/star; around/bound; day/repay.

26b) The line that shows that life will always have good and bad days is: They said that others may try to bring me down”.

27) A phrase from the poem that means the same as adult is grown up.

28a) A medicine bottle label is being shown in the diagram.

28b) The name of the product is Cough Be Gone Cough Syrup.

29) The product helps to relieve dry, chesty coughs associated with hay fever and allergies.

30a) The word warning is written in capital letters to get the reader’s attention.

30b) There is a warning on the label to make people aware of certain dangers that can be experienced when using the medicine.

30c) I think that the medicine might make people sleepy and can cause accidents if they are driving or operating machinery.

#### **CHAPTER 11: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 4**

1) heavy, galvanised, deafening                      2) white, blue, frothy                      3) narrow, winding

4) ripe, juicy, fair                      5) huge, gloomy                      6) thought                      7) driving

8) shouted                      9) drank                      10) along, in                      11) through, on                      12) towards, about

13) from, around                      14) We did not try to complete our home-work before going to the park.

15) The dog did not jump over the puddle.                      16) happily                      17) more greedily

18) A wetland is a flat expanse of land where the water does not drain off.

19a) Three groups of wetlands are: swamps, marshes and bogs.

19b) In Trinidad and Tobago, a swamp can be found.

20) The most important wetland in Trinidad and Tobago is the Caroni Swamp. It is important because it provides homes to many kinds of plants and animals including the Scarlet Ibis, one of the National Birds of Trinidad and Tobago.

21) The Caroni Swamp helps to clean the air when the mangroves take in carbon dioxide and release oxygen back into the air.

22) Flamingos were not always found in the Caroni Swamp. In the passage, it says that within recent years, there has been the introduction of flamingos.

23) The main idea of the poem is friendship.

24) One word from the passage that is used to describe friendship is gift.

25) According to the passage, true friendship is being able to tell your friend that you care.

26a) An example of a metaphor used in the poem is: friendship is an umbrella.

26b) The poet is comparing friendship to an umbrella because like an umbrella which protects



you from the rain, friendship protects you from pain.

27) Maya is not a true friend because according to the poem, friendship does not cost a dime.

28) The diagram represents a Table of Contents because it shows topics and page numbers which are found in a table of contents.

29) I will find "Rounding Off" on four pages.

30) This page will be found in a Math book.

### **CHAPTER 12: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 5**

1) geese      2) berries      3) tomatoes      4) them      5) It      6) me

7) reading      8) bought      9) fell      10) under      11) above      12) against

13) tall, gentle      14) skinniest      15) fastest, land      16) is not      17) should not

18) According to the passage, pollution is the dirtying of the environment.

19) There are five forms of pollution mentioned in the passage. They are land, water, air, noise and light pollution.

20a) Yes, it is considered pollution. It is considered water pollution.

20b) I think that the garbage will go into the ocean and hurt the animals there. It will also clog drains and cause flooding.

21) A word from the passage that means the same as dangerous is harmful.

22) The author's purpose is to inform the reader about pollution.

23) The poem is about pollution.

24a) We would find the ocean floor at the bottom of the ocean.

24b) The line from the poem that tells the effect of pollution on sea creatures is: "Suffering pain untold".

25a) An example of a simile in the poem is, "like a toxic wig". It is comparing the garbage covering the ocean floor to a wig covering someone's head.

26a) i) toxic      11) cold      27) A suitable title for the poem is Pollution.

28a) The diagram represents a calendar.

28b) It represents a calendar it is showing the days and dates in the month of December in the year 2021.

29a) We will celebrate Christmas on a Saturday. 29b) We will begin the new year on a Saturday.

30) The next year, after this one, will be 2022.