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MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER 1: NOTATION AND NUMERATION

1) Two million, three hundred and twenty-five thousand, eight hundred and forty-nine.

2) 5 070 338 3) Seven hundred and sixty-five thousand, one hundred and ninety-eight.

 4) 3 009 009
 5) One million, eight thousand and thirty-six.
 6) 700 600

7) $(1 \times 100\ 000) + (3 \times 10\ 000) + (5 \times 1000) + (4 \times 100) + (2 \times 10) + (2 \times 1)$ 8) 10 000

9) 7 045 058 10) $(1 \times 100\ 000) + (1 \times 1000) + (3 \times 100) + (1 \times 10) + (2 \times 1)$ 11) 700 000

12a) 6542 b) 2456 13) 98 642 14) Tens of thousands 15) 5000 / five thousand

16) 5 17) 2 9 9 0 0 9 18) 16 19) 125 times 20) 69 900 21) 90 000

22) 9 23) 39 996 24) 39 876, 41 235, 45 678, 45 786 25) 33 922, 33 292, 33 229

 26) 5999, 4438, 3698, 1965
 27) 160 km
 28) 37655
 29) 10 000
 30) 120 000 persons

31a) \$250 139.00 b) \$250 000 32) 75 times

33) No, Ravi is not correct. The place value of the 9 is hundreds of thousands. 900 000 represents the value of the 9.

34) No, Mala is not correct. The value of the 2 is 2000. Thousands represents the place value.

35) No, Zeenat is incorrect because the place value of the 6 is tens of thousands. 60 000 represents the value of the 6.

CHAPTER 2	: THE FOUR OPER	ATIONS		
1) 25 790	2) 20 790	3) 623	4) 74 486	5) 63 000
6) 49 376	7) 10 875	8) 45	9) 49 998	10) 21 754
11) 14 087	12) 2 064	13) 223	14) 12	15) 101 boxes
16) 14 850	17) \$14 915.00	18) \$324 375.00	19) \$4950.00	20) 24 rows
21) 26	22) 619	23) 1631	24) \$1 020.00	25) 336 students
26) 241 students	27) \$18.00	28) 209 marbles	29) 1142 cookies	30) 403
31) 137	32) \$1 344.60	33) 10 th box	34) 4 320 km	35) 31 bags

CHAPTER 3: TYPES OF NUMBERS								
1) 25, 64, 169, 324, 576 2a) 6 b) 9 c) 16 d) 20 e) 25	3) 144 4) 11							
5) 22 6) 168 7) 312 ≈ 300 8) 185	9) 54							
10) 85 11) 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33 12) 22, 5	54, 68, 34 13) 7							
14a) Prime b) Prime c) Composite d) Prime e) Composite 15)	17, 19, 23, 29							
$16) 4+6+8+9+10+12+14+15+16 = 94 \qquad 17) 72 \qquad 18) 1, 5, 12$	13, 65 19) 3							
20) No, Ali is not correct. 51 is a composite number. A prime num	ber is a number which is							
divisible by only two numbers that is one and itself. The factors of	51 are1, 3, 17, 51. 51 has							
more than 2 factors therefore, 51 is not a prime number. It is a con	posite number.							
21) 2 × 3 × 5 22) 9, 18, 27, 36, 45 23) 11 24) 32	25) 89 – 4 = 85							
26a) 4: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48								
6: 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, 60, 66, 72								
12: 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108, 120, 132, 144								
26b) 12, 24, 36, 48 c) 12 27) 15 28) 42 29a) 9								
29b) This pattern was formed by adding seven then subtracting for	ır.							
	nore than the preceding shape.							
32) 51, 76								
CHAPTER 4: FRACTIONS								
1) $\frac{111}{9}$ 2) 12 $\frac{3}{12}$ or 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ 3) 42 4) 3	5) $\frac{1}{6}$ 6) 7 $\frac{1}{8}$							
7) $10\frac{1}{2}$ 8) $3\frac{7}{8}$ 9) $11\frac{1}{5}$ 10) $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{4}{6}$	$,\frac{3}{4}$ 11) $\frac{3}{10}$							
12) 10 13) \$108.00 14) < 15) 108	16) 25 marbles							
17) 60 boys 18a) $\frac{2}{3}$ b) $\frac{2}{3}$ = $\frac{3}{6}$ =	19a) 72 plums b) 120 plums							
20) $\frac{4}{15}$ 21) 13 slices 22) 19 mangoes 23) \$2	2.00 24) \$108.00							
25) $\frac{7}{12}$ 26) Rishi got less pizza because $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{4}{12}$ which is less than $\frac{7}{12}$.								
27) Yes, Sam is correct because $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$ which is more than $\frac{1}{6}$. 28	3) \$6.00 29) 35 green cars							
	narbles 34) 27 yellow balls							
35) 27 tomatoes								

CHAPTER 5: DECIMALS									
$1a) \frac{7}{100}$ b) Hundredths									
100	$(x 1) + (2 x \frac{1}{10}) + (4 x \frac{1}{100}) + (6 x \frac{1}{100}) + (10 x \frac$	(6 x - 1) 4) 10 730.463							
	7) 12.5 12.56 12.65								
l v									
10) .45 11) $\frac{13}{20}$	12) Fraction	Decimal							
	3 4	0.75							
	4	0.8							
	1 8	0.125							
	2 3	0.666							
	7 8	0.875							
13) 184.413 14) 59.14	15) 0.063 16	6) 0.803 17) 74.63							
18) \$8.00 19) 0.25	20) 4.36 + 5.49 2	1) 0.4 22) 48.20 kg of flour							
23) 20.1 24) 65.7 1	m 25) 30.33 20	6) 168 27) \$1 775.00							
28) \$160.00 29) \$22.7	5 30) 30 boys 3	1) 45 cars 32) 360 apples							
(33a) 24 balls b) 40 balls	34a 80 marbles b) 120 m	parbles c) 40 marbles							

33a) 24 balls b) 40 balls 34a) 80 marbles b) 120 marbles c) 40 marbles

35a) 180 marbles b)192 marbles c) 108 marbles

CHAPTER 6	AREA	AND P	ERIM	ETER						
1) 16 cm ²	2) 32 cr	m ²	3) 225	5 cm^2	4) 12	cm ²	5) 1	35 cm ²	6) 16	59 cm^2
7) 108 m ²	8) 81 cr	m^2	9) 8 ci	m	10) 2	256 m ²	11)	2156 m ²	12) 8	34 m^2
13) 14 m	14) 8 m	L	15) 11	120 m	16) 7	72 m	17)	68 m	18) 1	85 m
19) 280 m	20) 192	m	21) 28	80 cm	22) 4	8 m	23)	96 m	24) 2	20 m^2
25) 57 m	26) \$3 9	920.00	27) 42	2 cm	28) 2	20 cm^2	29)	\$4 704.00	30) 8	6 m
31) \$7 776.00 32) Shape A has a greater area of 54 m ² . 33) 60 m 34) 297 m ²										
35) Shape B h	as a great	ter area	becaus	se the area	of B	is 70 m ²	wher	eas the area	a of A i	s 64 m ² . 70
m ² is greater th	$an 64 m^2$	² .								
CHAPTER 7	STATIS	STICS	(MEA	N & MOD	E)					
1a) 8 b) 14	2) 50	0 3	3) Tom	and Jerry	4	a) Trinba	igo K	night Ride	rs b) 40	supporters
5) Cotton Can	dy (6) 2 goa	ls	7) 25	8)	23	9) 48	marks	10) 4	8 runs
11) 15	1	2) 21		13) 328	14) 483 ma	rks	15) 216	5	16) 17
17) 90 18	8a) 150	b) 31	19:	a) 59 b) 7-	4	20) 7				
21a)										
Soft Drink F			T٤	ally		Freque	ıcy			
Banana	a	₩				8				
Cream So	oda	1111				8				
Grape						4				
Pear		₩	₩	####	ť١	21				
Kola Cham	pagne	₩	₩	JHT III		19				
b) 19 students	c) Pear	d) Bar	iana an	nd Cream S	oda	e) 13 stu	dents	f) Pear	g) 60 st	udents
22a) Game 5		<i>.</i>						,		
23a) 320 perso	ons b) Su	unday	c) Mor	nday (70 pe	ersons	s) d) \$19	20.0	e) $\frac{1}{16}$		
24a) 60 tomato	bes b) B	rown d	e) Harr	ylal and No	eil d) Gabriel	picke	ed the least	with 7	
e) 12 tomatoes	f) 11	tomato	es							

CHAPTER 8: ANGLES 1a) Acute Angle b) Right Angle c) Reflex Angle d) Reflex Angle e) Straight Angle f) Obtuse Angle 2a) Reflex Angle b) Acute Angle c) Straight Angle d) Obtuse Angle 3a) 51° b) 20° 4) 87° 5) 190° 6a) 135° b) 90° c) 135° e) Right Angle d) 270° e) 180° 7) East 8) North 9a) 1 b) Right Angle 11) = 10) Anticlockwise 12a) half turn b) more than a half turn c) a quarter turn d) less than a quarter turn e) whole turn (13a) > b) < b14) 225° 15) 72° 16a) Scalene Triangle b) Right Angled Triangle c) Isosceles Triangle d) Equilateral Triangle 17) 1. Equilateral Triangle 2. Scalene Triangle 3. Isosceles Triangle 4. Right Angled Triangle 18) Right Angled Triangle- 0, Isosceles Triangle- 1, Scalene Triangle- 0, Equilateral Triangle- 3 19a) 45° b) 30° 20)

21) Angle x = 60°. The triangle given is an equilateral triangle. In an equilateral triangle, all angles are the same size that is 60°. (All angles must add up to 180°. 180° ÷ 3 = 60°)
22) No, Sherry is not correct. An isosceles triangle has one line of symmetry.
23) Brandon is correct. A Reflex angle is an angle that is greater than 180° but less than 360°. 181° is more than 180° but less than 360° therefore it is a reflex angle. An obtuse angle is less than 180° but more than 90°.

CHAPTER 9: GEOMETRY

1a) Triangular Prism b) Cube c) Cone d) Cylinder e) cuboid f) Square based pyramid2)

Solid	Faces	Edges	Vertices
Cube	6	12	8
Cuboid	6	12	8
Cylinder	3	2	0
Cone	2	1	1
Triangular prism	5	9	6
Square based pyramid	5	8	5
Triangular pyramid	4	6	4



17) 0 18	B) Square 19	9) Rectangle	20a) Rhombus	b) 2	21) Cylinder				
22) In a squar	re, all angles are e	equal whereas the	parallelogram ha	s opposit	e angles equal.				
(Square-all sides equal, parallelogram – opposite sides are equal.)									
23a) Parallel Lines b) Perpendicular Lines c) Parallel Lines d) Perpendicular Lines									
24) Perpendic	24) Perpendicular lines are lines which meet to form right angles.								
25a) b) 15 triangles									
CHAPTER 1	10: MEASUREN	IENT (LINEAR,	MASS & WEIG	GHT, TIN	AE AND VOLUME)				
1a) Metre b)	millimetre c) m	etre d) centimetre	e e) centimetre	f) metre					
2a) 97 b)128	35 c) 6450 d) 7.	.45 e) 5.12	3) 7020 m	4a) 14 1	n 96 cm b) 4 cm				
5a) 9000 m	b) 54000 m	6) 13.55 km	7) 2750 cm	8) 4 m	40 cm				
9) 11 cm	10) Grams	11) 4 m 95 cm	22) 7 kg	13) 3.25	5 kg				
14) 15) A by 6750 g 16) 140 packets 17) 6250 g 18) 20 bags 9 3 8 $7 $ $6 $ 5									
19) 4500 ml	20) 1.05 L	21) 1.5 L	22) 30	23) 8:40	0				
24) 1 hr 55 m	inutes	25) 3 hrs 30mins	26) 3:55 pm	27) 6:45	5				
28a) 8:25 am	b) \$297.50	29) 12:40	30) 4 hrs 15 n	nins	31) 8 cm ³				
32) 4 cm	33) 300 cm^3	34) 4 cm	35) 2 cm						

CHAPTER 11: MI	ISCELLANE	OUS EXERC	CISE 1					
1) 200 000	2) 83	3) $3\frac{1}{4}$	4) 152	5) 3.	744	6) 100 times		
7) 45	8a) 3 stamps	b) 9 stamps	9) 291	coloured pend	cils 1	0) 888 buns		
11) 396	12) \$42.10	13) 81	14) $\frac{7}{11}$	14) $\frac{7}{11}$ 15) 24		6) \$90.00		
17) 45 girls	18) 31.2 kg	19) 27	20) Cuł	poid				
21a) B b) B is a py	ramid becaus	e it does not ha	ave a un	iform cross-se	ection.	22) 7:50		
23a&b)	24) 18 cm	m 25) \$553	3.00 26	5) 55	27) 421 m	28) 80		
29) Perpendicular lines are lines that intersect at a right angle whereas parallel lines never intersect.								
30) 2, clockwise	31) 59 corn co	obs 32a)	90 seats	b) 416 peopl	le 33a) 3 plums b) $\frac{1}{13}$		
34) No, Maria is no	t correct. $\frac{3}{2}$ is a	equal to $\frac{1}{2}$.		35) 23 footba	ılls	15		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
1		1						
2		1/2						
CHAPTER 12: MI	ISCELLANE	OUS EVEDC	UCE 1					
		$(005 \text{ EXERC}) + (4 \times 1000)$		$100) + (9 \times 10)$	$) + (5 \times 1)$			
-	4) 210 000			6) 39,52		.50		
8) 3692 Goodies								
$13) \ 2 \times 3 \times 5 \qquad 1$	$(4)\frac{11}{12}$	15) <		16)	17) 240	cards		
	9) 12	20) 7:20		21) 66 m	22) \$745	52.00		
23a) triangular prisr	m b) 5 faces	, 9 edges, 6 ve	ertices					
24)								
Descriptio	on 🛛	N	ame of s	shape				
Four lines of symn	netry		Square					
Two pairs of paral	lel lines		Rectangle					
Zero equal sides an	nd zero	Sc	calene Triangle					
equal angles								
25a)	b) 10 th	26) 1 2	27) 16 cr	n 28a) 50 houses	b) 100 houses		
29) 66	30a) $\frac{1}{6}$ b) 120) men						



LANGUAGE ARTS

CHAPTER 1: NOUNS								
1) people, memories 2) toddler, level, intelligence, genius 3) Miss Singh, desktop, laptop								
4) pack, wolves, hiker, Mafeking Forest 5) crowd, host, show, autograph								
6) path, darkness 7) boys, fundraiser, money, uniforms 8) students, places, world								
9) monkey, patrons 10) friend, cell-phone, birthday 11) troupe 12) pride								
13) galaxy 14) pair 15) hive/ swarm 16) gang 17) reindeer 18) mice								
19) daughters-in-law 20) scissors 21) cacti 22) vertices								
23) Dr. Singh, Wednesday, Mummy 24) Taj Mahal, Maldives 25) Harry Potter								
26) bear's 27) girl's 28) boys' 29) friend's 30) country's								
31) We saw Maria's books all over the floor.								
32) Our neighbour's car was totalled in the accident.								
33) There were many adults at the children's Christmas party.								
34) Daddy got a huge discount, on men's shirts, at the sale. 35) bravery 36) beauty								
37) impatience 38) honesty 39) excellence 40) Curiosity								
37) impatience38) honesty39) excellence40) CuriosityCHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS 1) They, we, them 2) us, we 3) he 4) We, our 5) you 6) she, she								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS1) They, we, them2) us, we3) he4) We, our5) you6) she, she7) you, I8) We, they9) he, we10) I, it11) myself12) yourselves								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS1) They, we, them2) us, we3) he4) We, our5) you6) she, she7) you, I8) We, they9) he, we10) I, it11) myself12) yourselves13) themselves14) itself15) ourselves16) his17) its18) ours								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS1) They, we, them2) us, we3) he4) We, our5) you6) she, she7) you, I8) We, they9) he, we10) I, it11) myself12) yourselves13) themselves14) itself15) ourselves16) his17) its18) ours19) mine20) theirs21) that22) who23) when24) which25) whose26) Lisa went to the library to return the overdue books that she had.								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS 1) They, we, them 2) us, we 3) he 4) We, our 5) you 6) she, she 7) you, I 8) We, they 9) he, we 10) I, it 11) myself 12) yourselves 13) themselves 14) itself 15) ourselves 16) his 17) its 18) ours 19) mine 20) theirs 21) that 22) who 23) when 24) which 25) whose 26) Lisa went to the library to return the overdue books that she had. 27) Dr. Singh told us to go into his office and wait for him.								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS 1) They, we, them 2) us, we 3) he 4) We, our 5) you 6) she, she 7) you, I 8) We, they 9) he, we 10) I, it 11) myself 12) yourselves 13) themselves 14) itself 15) ourselves 16) his 17) its 18) ours 19) mine 20) theirs 21) that 22) who 23) when 24) which 25) whose 26) Lisa went to the library to return the overdue books that she had. 27) Dr. Singh told us to go into his office and wait for him. 28) The teacher told the students to stand then she told them to get ready to say prayers.								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS 1) They, we, them 2) us, we 3) he 4) We, our 5) you 6) she, she 7) you, I 8) We, they 9) he, we 10) I, it 11) myself 12) yourselves 13) themselves 14) itself 15) ourselves 16) his 17) its 18) ours 19) mine 20) theirs 21) that 22) who 23) when 24) which 25) whose 26) Lisa went to the library to return the overdue books that she had. 27) Dr. Singh told us to go into his office and wait for him.								
CHAPTER 2: PRONOUNS 1) They, we, them 2) us, we 3) he 4) We, our 5) you 6) she, she 7) you, I 8) We, they 9) he, we 10) I, it 11) myself 12) yourselves 13) themselves 14) itself 15) ourselves 16) his 17) its 18) ours 19) mine 20) theirs 21) that 22) who 23) when 24) which 25) whose 26) Lisa went to the library to return the overdue books that she had. 27) Dr. Singh told us to go into his office and wait for him. 28) The teacher told the students to stand then she told them to get ready to say prayers.								

36) The manicou was hanging, by its tail, from the narrow branch of the tree.

37) Jai threw his sneaker at the cat after it scratched him on his hand.

38) My sister, whose t-shirt was in the wash, decided to wear her lovely dress instead.

39) Over the weekend, I visited my friend who was sick.

40) Maria, <u>who</u> is an excellent reader, is competing in the nationwide Reading Competition <u>which</u> takes place next week.

CHAPTER 3: VERBS and PUNCTUATION

1) stood, walked, heard 2) shone, kissing 3) marched, paraded 4) get, do									
5) rotates, caus	ing 6) pla	aying 7) e	xists 8)	asks	9) seen	10)	eaten		
11) eat 12)	provides	13) prefers	14) mee	ts	15) uses	16) h	eard		
17) barking	18) done	19) wrote	20) left	21)	beautify	22) int	troduced		
23) creates	24) discuss	25) repre	sented	26) do	27) disl	likes	28) visits		
29) want 30) assist									
31) "The stude	nts <u>are looking</u>	g at the movie	right now,"	said M	rs. Ali.				
32) Dr. Singh	examined the p	patient as soon	as he saw h	im com	e in on the w	vheelch	air.		
33) Every day,	the mailman <u>o</u>	lelivers all the	mail before	going	back to the p	ost offic	ce.		
34) My family	and I <u>have vis</u>	ited the beach	last week.						
35) Ryan and S	Sarah accompa	nied by their p	refect, <u>volu</u>	<u>nteer</u> at	the clinic or	n weeke	nds.		
36) There are s	everal items o	n the menu inc	luding: hot-	dogs, p	oizza, fries ar	nd burge	ers.		
37) Mummy w	ent to the doct	or; she was no	t feeling we	11.					
38) "Where ha	ve you put you	ır new book?"	asked Sarał	1.					
39) We were a	39) We were asked to obtain a list of ingredients for the cake like: flour, sugar, butter and eggs.								
40) They don't want to go to the theatre today because they have tickets for tomorrow's show.									
CHAPTER 4:	CHAPTER 4: TYPES OF SENTENCES and SENTENCE ANALYSIS								
1) declarative	2) interrog	gative 3) i	nterrogative	e 4	4) imperative	e 5]) exclamatory		
6) Max and Jol	nn are not play	ing together in	the savanna	ah.					

7) The sun is not a planet; it is a star.

8) Students are not allowed to play in the car-park.

9) We did not miss our ride so we arrived at the circus on time.

10) Don't you know the girl who is talking to Mary?

11) We wanted to go to the mall. We decided to stay at home.

12) The bell was rung early. Our class started right away.

13) Sarah bought new shoes. She does not even wear them.

14) My sister can drive the car. She recently got her driver's license.

15) Daddy took a shower. He has just finished cutting the lawn.

16) Mala (S) answered (V) many questions (O) in class today. (E)

17) The students (S) submitted (V) their assignments (O) on time. (E)

18) A cactus (S) is (V) a desert plant (O) that is adapted to the harsh desert conditions. (E)

19) Ali and John (S) grabbed (V) their batons (O) at the same time during the relay. (E)

20) Miss Singh (S) spoke (V) briefly at the online teacher's conference. (E)

21) The fierce dog, inside the fenced yard, growled at us as we passed.

22) The students were in the laboratory preparing for their exams.

23) Mary and I went to the movies to see Godzilla.

24) The Twin Towers were named after the first Prime Minister of Trinidad and Tobago, Dr. Eric Williams.

25) The laptop froze and shut down when the electricity was cut.

26) subject 27) object 28) extension 29) verb 30) extension

31) Danny and I did get our report books early.

32) The manager of the company was able to hire new workers at that time. OR At that time, the manager of the company was able to hire new workers.

33) Parents were invited to view the Art and Craft display at school.

34) Do you know your multiplication tables?

35) At the end of the lesson, Mary understood how to add fractions.

36) There are birds, caiman, fiddler-crabs and snakes at the Caroni Bird Sanctuary.

37) I am going to jog to the savannah and back.

38) Trinidad and Tobago is one country which is made up of two islands.

39) Wow! Where did you find that beautiful ring?

40) At the supermarket, Mala bought: flour, rice, sugar and potatoes.

CHAPTER 5: ADJECTIVES and PUNCTUATION

1) huge, happy, her 2) ripe, juicy, lowest, tall 3) soft, plush, most comfortable, nice, long

4) wonderful, mouth-watering, crowded 5) thick, colourful, warm, rainy

6) happy – happier – happiest 7) sweet – sweeter – sweetest 8) good – better – best

9) hot – hotter – hottest 10) pleasant – more pleasant – most pleasant

11) The explorer became overly joyous when he discovered piles of gold in the pyramid.

12) The end of term exams were extremely difficult.

13) We were totally exhausted after our trip to the beach.

14) The dog that was <u>entirely muddy</u>, made a mess everywhere.

15) Danny was <u>unbelievably enthusiastic</u> when Miss Singh asked him to be the leader of his group.

16) my 17) your 18) its 19) their 20) our 21) awful 22) wonderful

23) basic 24) magical 25) accidental

26) Mark was <u>older</u> than his sisters.

27) She is the <u>cleverest / most clever</u> girl in our class.

28) The pale colour of his shirt made it the <u>least noticeable</u> of all.

29) The man tied the thinner end of the rope to the car.

30) Of all the days in April, last Monday was the rainiest.

31) more delicate 32) coldest 33) most generous 34) luckiest 35) least successful

36) There were many flavours of ice-cream including: vanilla, chocolate and rocky-road.

37) The boys didn't want to go to the library so they were left in class.

38) "Why is there so much noise?" asked the teacher.

39) They had to get a lot of ingredients; they were going to make cookies.

40) We, at the East Primary School, are pleased to welcome you to our annual bazaar.

CHAPTER 6: ADVERBS and PUNCTUATION								
1) quickly2) painfully3) happily4) amiably5) slowly								
6) absolutely 7) clearly 8) yesterday 9) frequently 10) inside								
11) quietly – more quietly – most quietly 12) badly – worse – worst								
13) early – earliest 14) much – more – most								
15) softly – more softly – most softly 16) as fast as possible 17) under the desk								
18) quite easily 19) with delight 20) with extra vitamins and minerals								
21) beautifully 22) loudly 23) noisily 24) angrily 25) greedily								
26) more cheerfully 27) comfortably 28) most kindly 29) politely								
30) more heartily 31) wisely 32) dangerously 33) completely								
34) graciously 35) patiently								
36) My sister, Alina, is older than our brother.								
37) You should eat your peas, carrots and potatoes.								
38) I can't wait for my birthday.								
39) "Congrats to you!" yelled everyone.								
40) Max, along with his father, visited the doctor for a check-up.								
CHAPTER 7: PREPOSITIONS and CONJUNCTIONS								
1) by, to 2) up, onto 3) towards, at 4) with, at 5) around 6) along, in								
7) on 8) from, to 9) in 10) through 11) above 12) between								
13) next to the mango tree 14) through the courtyard, to our class								
15) through many potholes, on the road 16) to the hospital								
17) through the open gate, onto the busy street 18) with our cousins								
19) on our computers 20) in the field, in their classes 21) when 22) yet								
23) while 24) so 25) and 26) either, or 27) but 28) and, yet								
29) and 30) although								

31) We have our weekly test on Friday so we should begin studying today.

32) I looked all over the house <u>but</u> I could not find my favourite teddy-bear.

33) The manager was thrilled by the plan, <u>yet</u> he did not approve it.

34) Lakshmi does not eat any meat because she is a vegetarian.

35) Miss Singh worked on her project <u>until</u> she was too tired to continue.

36) I like to listen to my favourite music while I do my home-work.

37) Both – and 38) not – but 39) Neither – nor 40) not only – but also

CHAPTER 8: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 1

1) daughters-in-law 2) dragonflies 3) sheep 4) bought 5) Ali

6) her 7) will dance 8) am thinking 9) touched 10) towards

11) of 12) by 13) happily 14) skilfully

15) quite beautifully 16) early 17) more experienced 18) saddest

19) most colourful 20) more difficult

21) A virus is a microscopic agent of infection.

22) According to the passage, three diseases which are spread by viruses are: the common cold, Covid-19 and Smallpox.

23) Scientists are uncertain about whether or not viruses are alive because a virus can only multiply inside living cells of other organisms.

24) Apart from those listed, three other symptoms of the common cold are: sore throat, aches or pains and vomiting. (any 3 appropriate symptoms)

25a) I think that air can become infected when a person with the virus sneezes or coughs without covering their mouth and nose and their saliva and snot are sprayed into the air.

25b) When someone, who is not sick, passes by and breathes the air, the virus gets into their noses or mouths and their bodies will become infected when the virus multiplies inside their cells.

26a) i) microscopic ii) transmitted iii) isolating

26b) Host cells are cells, inside of which, the virus lives and multiplies.

27) The author's purpose in writing this passage is to inform readers about the spread of viruses.

28) The poem is about a volcanic eruption.

29) There was a loud rumbling in the poet's tummy because she was very angry and about to erupt.

30a) The poet describes her tears as fiery red with yellow flares.

30b) I think that her tears would burn her face because her tears are really fiery lava running down the sides of the mountain which is meant to be her face.

31) Two lines from the poem which prove that the poet was unable to control her anger are: Unable to quell my rage and My anger decided to have another bout.

32) The line, "All the earth becomes my stage" means that the poet used all of the earth as if it was her own space to show off the effects of her anger.

33a) A metaphor that was used to describe the poet was: 'An angry bear I was'.

33b) i) quell – put an end to **or** stop ii) bout – a period of activity

34) The poet's tone is one of anger.

35) The diagram represents a calendar because it is showing the month, the year, days and dates.

36) The month of February 2020, began on a Saturday.

37) There was one more Saturday than Sunday in February 2020.

38) I think that V-Day represents Valentine's Day because it is on the 14th and Valentine's Day is celebrated on the 14th February every year.

39) The year 2020 was a leap year because there were 29 days in the month of February rather than the usual 28 days.

40a) A religious observation took place on Wednesday 26th February, 2020.

40b) The 12th March, 2020 would have been a Thursday.

CHAPTER 9: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 2

1) flock	2) string	3) staff	4) i	ntelligence	5) bravery	6) erupted		
7) cut	8) most beautif	iul 9) le	east	10) goes	11) were			
12) knows	s 13) them	selves, him		14) she, them	15) I	16) plays		
17) Alanna loves to dance and sing.								
18) Dr. Singh is a very good doctor but he does not have his own office.								
19) "Please go to the office now," said the teacher.								

20) Sally, can you please help me with this?

21) According to the passage, energy is the ability to do work or the power to sustain physical actions.

22) Three forms of energy mentioned in the passage are: electricity, light and heat. (electricity, gas, light, heat, nuclear)

23) Renewable resources are those that can be easily remade, renewed or replenished.

24) Clean energy is energy that does not produce by-products that are harmful to the environment.

25a) Three examples of fossil fuels named in the passage are: petroleum, coals and natural gas.

25b) Three ways in which fossil fuels have been used are: in vehicles, electrical power plants and manufacture of materials like plastics.

26a) i) harnessed ii) synthetic b) renewed, replenished

27) A suitable title for the passage is Renewable and Non-Renewable Energy or Energy.

28) In the first stanza, the poet wishes that she was born a fish.

29) The poet makes that wish because she wants to get away from her chores.

30) I think that "get hooked" means to be caught by humans.

31) In the last stanza, the word "they" in the poem refers to the poet's parents.

32) The poet thinks of not being a child because she feels frustrated and confused by doing chores and following rules. OR The poet thinks of not being a child because she feels that being a child is too tiring.

33a) croon 33b) wonky

34) The poet sometimes think her name is "No!" because her parents probably tell her "no" quite often when she is doing things that she should not be doing.

35) The diagram is showing an advertisement by the ACME Travel Agency.

36) One of the main customer influencers in the advertisement is the special tour of Dubai for four people.

37) The cost of travelling to the United Kingdom is \$9087 without VAT.

38) If I wanted to go to the USA, the final price would not be \$4598 as quoted because the advertisement says that the prices are VAT exclusive and that hotel and accommodations are charged separately.

39a) If I won the special tour of Dubai, three people and myself or four in total would be able to go.

39b) I can have the two extra persons included by paying the cost for the two of them.

40) The important bits of information missing from the advertisement would be contact information and hours of business.

CHAPTER 10: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 3

1) lioness 2) nephew 3) nun 4) honesty 5) beauty 6) eat 7) plays

8) shorter 9) best 10) lazily 11) more melodiously 12) most skilfully

13) which/that 14) which 15) anywhere 16) themselves

17) Mary likes mangoes and bananas <u>but</u> she does not like oranges.

18) I studied for my test while/but my best friend played games.

19) We did not leave home at three o'clock to go to the airport.

20) They were not writing stories about their summer vacations.

21) Two natural disasters mentioned in the passage are: earthquakes and volcanoes.

22) According to the passage, the difference between the impact of a natural disaster and that of global warming is: the effects of a natural disaster are usually limited to just the area where it has occurred whereas global warming affects the entire earth all at once.

23) The earth is compared to a giant greenhouse in global warming.

24a) I think that the polar regions are the areas at the top and bottom of the earth also called the North Pole and South Pole.

24b) I think that global warming is causing the ice in the polar regions to melt faster than usual.

25a) The carbon dioxide in the atmosphere comes from the burning of fossil fuels like gas and coals.

25b) Yes, I think that the carbon dioxide exhaled by humans and other animals contribute to the levels of it in the atmosphere.

25c) I think that since trees and plants use carbon dioxide to make food, the more trees and plants planted, the more carbon dioxide will be removed from the atmosphere.

26a) gradual 26b) beneficial 26c) emission

27) One way in which we can reduce the amount of carbon dioxide in the air is to use our cars less or carpool. (plant more trees and plants or use alternative forms of clean energy)

28a) The "wonderful smile" referred to by the poet is the sunset.

28b) One line from the poem to support my answer is: The evening sky painted by you. OR You sink beneath the horizon. OR To capture your majestic descent.

29) The line, "The evening sky painted by you" refers to the various colours seen in the sky when the sun is setting.

30) In the third stanza, I think that the poet is talking about people who try to capture the sunset through paintings or pictures like artists and photographers.

31) The poet has realized that the extent of the beauty of the sunset can only be truly appreciated when it is seen by one's own eyes.

32) According to the poet, in lines 16 to 18, the sunset is a time to take a break from the troubles experienced during the day and get some rest.

33a) The literary device that is prominent in the poem is personification. An example of this literary device is: your wonderful smile OR the evening sky painted by you OR swallowed by the ocean OR your warm kiss OR you come out to play OR helping me through another day.

33b) i) hue ii) abort

34) In lines 20 and 21 of the poem, the poet is talking about sunrise the next day.

35) Mary spends 1/3 of her day at work.

36) Mary spends 1/12 of her day on chores.

37) Mary spends two hours watching television.

38) Any three activities on which Mary spends ¹/₄ of her day are: Gym, chores, Reading OR Gym, chores, T.V. OR chores, Reading, T.V. OR Reading, T.V., Gym.

39) Mary should forego watching television to get more sleep because she can record any shows that she wants to see. OR Mary can forego reading to get more sleep because she can always catch up on her reading at another time. (Answer must be justifiable.)

40) Mary spends fourteen hours at the gym, in one week.

CHAPTER 11: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 4

1) children	2) nieces	3) dear	4) excited	5) fiery	6) goes	7) ride		
8) She, I	9) they	10) verb	11) extension	12) subject	13) hers	14) its		
15) ground	16) forgot							
19) "Why didn't you do your home-work?" asked Miss Gosine.								

20) Shelly packed her favourite sweater, jeans, t-shirts and sandals for the trip.

21) ICT means Information and Communication Technology.

22) I understand that hardware means the physical devices being used like laptops, iPads or cellphones. Software means the operating systems and the internet both of which allow the devices to process information.

23) Three places where the use of ICT has become commonplace are: schools, banks and offices.

24) Three kinds of information that can be produced by ICT are: receipts, invoices and wage slips.

25) The biggest benefit of ICT during the pandemic is that it has provided a medium for the world to keep moving and functioning through virtual means.

26a) I think that loss of creativity occurs in children because they can simply tap on a button or use online platforms to look up virtually anything rather than trying to think and solve problems using their own knowledge and experiences.

26b) I think that this can be improved by having students do more physical activities that do not require the use of ICT. Examples of such activities are planting crops, rearing animals or even creating games.

27a) versatility 27b) indiscriminately

28) The poem is about the poet's mom. A line from the poem to support my answer is: Mom you were our best friend.

29) According to the poem, her mom's love helped the poet to grow tall and bloom.

30) The word "us" in the poem refers to the poet and her siblings.

31) I think that lines 11 to 13 mean that the mother was the only one who could tell when her children were being naughty or when they were lying and pretending to be innocent.

32) I think that in the last stanza, the poet's mom died.

33) The poet did not consider her mom a friend all the time. A line from the poem to support my answer is: Even if we didn't know til the end.

34a) Metaphor: your love was the gentle rain OR your smile was a warm hug

34b) Simile: stubborn as a log

35) We might find the sign above at a supermarket or pharmacy or any other place of business.

36) The number one tip is to stay at home because when you stay at home, you will not be interacting with strangers so your chances of getting sick are very small.

37) If there is not enough space for everyone to stand six feet apart, I should leave and go back at another time when there are less people.

38) To connect virtually means to stay in touch with others through the use of computers and cell-phones. An example of this is through the use of Zoom Meetings, WhatsApp or any other platform for virtual connectivity.

39a) We should avoid handshakes and hugs to reduce body contact with others and reduce the spread of germs.

39b) An alternative to handshakes and hugs is waving.

40) I think that any person who arrives at the place in question without a mask will be denied entry into the place.

CHAPTER 12: MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISE 5

8) happier

7) visit

1) potatoes	2) cacti	3) sons-in-law	4) girls'	5) Max's	6) swim
1) polatoes	2) Cacti	5) sons-m-iaw	4) gii is	J what s	0) Swiili

13) I, them 14) he, he 15) inside 16) under 17) so, and 18) while

10) gracefully

11) patient

12) cut

19) There were apples, bananas, grapes and oranges at the market.

9) best

20) "Hooray!" cried the happy students after the exam.

21) Mass media is any form of communication whether written, spoken or broadcast that is intended to reach a large audience.

22) Three platforms of social media mentioned in the passage are: WhatsApp, Zoom and Facebook. (WhatsApp, Zoom, Facebook and Twitter)

23a) A consumer is anyone who purchases a product or pays for a service.

23b) Consumer protection means ensuring that the rights or consumers are observed and that there is truthful information available to consumers.

24) Forums on social media help consumers by providing important information, like reviews and recommendations, about products and services.

25) "Product reviews" are opinions and views based on the experiences of people who would have purchased items or used services that are available for consumers.

26a) Information overload is the availability of too much information about a particular product or service.

26b) Information overload is problematic for consumers because they sometimes cannot distinguish whether the information is truthful and reliable or not.

27a) understatement 27b) recommendation

28) In the first stanza, Hurricane is described as one of nature's deadliest forces.

29) We, in the Caribbean, can expect Hurricane during the second half of the year because that is the wet or rainy season and hurricanes occur during that season.

30) According to the poem, thunder comes after lightning. The line from the poem to support my answer is: "Followed by his brother in thunderous form".

31a) The simile used in the poem to describe rain is: "Raindrops like hammers".

31b) The simile means that the raindrops are so big and they fall with such powerful force that they feel like being hit with hammers.

32) In the third stanza, Hurricane is compared to a gang of pirates. He is compared that way to show the destruction that he causes and to highlight how he steals people's livelihoods and even their homes.

33) I think that when Hurricane runs out of zest, his power will be reduced and he will disappear.

34a) The literary device that was used to represent Hurricane was personification.

34b) I think that Hurricane's nephews and nieces are other hurricanes that may come after.

34c) The word "havoc", in the poem, means destruction or chaos.

35) The diagram above is showing customer reviews for a pair of headphones. A line to support my answer is: "Most recent customer reviews".

36) The average star-rating for the product is four stars.

37) Only one person from the sample was very dissatisfied with the product.

38) The alternative brand that was recommended was Voice-Box.

39) Yes, I would consider purchasing the product because it has an average four-star rating and three out of four people were satisfied with the product.

40) The information in the diagram might be problematic for some people because it is difficult to know which customer should be believed or even whether they are telling the truth about the product.